



Program (Agency)	Account/Subaccount	FY2024 Enacted	FY2025 POTUS Budget	HOW Coalition FY2025 Request
Interior and Environment				
<i>Great Lakes</i>				
Great Lakes Restoration Initiative (EPA)	Environmental Programs and Management (EPM) / Geographic Programs	\$368 million ⁱ	\$368 million	\$450 million ⁱⁱ
Great Lakes and Lake Champlain Invasive Species Program (EPA)	Environmental Programs and Management	\$0	No detail	\$50 million ⁱⁱⁱ
Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife Restoration Act (DOI/FWS)	Resource Management / Fish and Aquatic Conservation / Aquatic Habitat and Species Conservation	\$3 million ^{iv}	\$0	\$8 million ^v
U.S. FWS Invasive Carp (DOI/FWS)	Resource Management	\$31 million ^{vi}	\$21 million	\$35 million
U.S.G.S. Invasive Carp (DOI/USGS)	Surveys, Investigations, and Research / Ecosystems	\$11 million ^{vii}	\$10.6 million	\$15 million
Great Lakes Science Center (DOI/USGS)	Surveys, Investigations, and Research / Ecosystems	\$15 million ^{viii}	No detail	\$15 million ^{ix}
<i>National</i>				
Clean Water State Revolving Fund (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance	\$1,639 million ^x	\$1,240 million	\$4,889 million ^{xi}
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance	\$1,126 million ^{xii}	\$1,126 million	\$4,376 million ^{xiii}
Sec. 221 Sewer Overflow and Stormwater Reuse Municipal Grants (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance	\$41 million	\$50 million	\$280 million ^{xiv}
Household Decentralized Wastewater Grant Program (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance	\$0	\$5 million	\$50 million ^{xv}

Small and Disadvantaged Communities (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance Grants	\$28.5 million	\$30.2 million	\$120 million ^{xvi}
Reducing Lead in Drinking Water (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance Grants	\$22 million	\$64.5 million	\$200 million
Lead Inventorying Utilization Grant Pilot Program	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance Grants	\$0	No detail	\$10 million ^{xvii}
Water Infrastructure Workforce Development (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance Grants	\$5.4 million	\$6 million	\$20 million
Sec. 106 Clean Water State Grants (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Categorical Grants	\$225.7 million	\$288.7 million	\$500 million
Sec. 319 Non-Point Pollution (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Categorical Grants	\$174.5 million ^{xviii}	\$189 million	\$200 million ^{xix}
Public Water System Supervision Grants (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Categorical Grants	\$116 million ^{xx}	\$132.6 million	\$250 million
Energy and Water				
Brandon Road Lock & Dam, Aquatic Nuisance Species Barrier (U.S. ACE)	Construction	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000
Great Lakes Fishery and Ecosystem Restoration Program (U.S. ACE)	Construction	No detail	No detail	\$15 million
Great Lakes Tributary Model (U.S. ACE)	Operations and Maintenance/Regional Sediment Management Program	Sub-account: \$10 million ^{xxixii}	Sub-account: \$2.9 million	\$600,000
Chicago Sanitary Ship Canal Barrier (U.S. ACE)	Operations and Maintenance	\$13.7 million	\$17.979 million	\$17.979 million
Great Lakes Coastal Resiliency Study (U.S. ACE)	Investigations	\$3 million	\$3 million	\$4.5 million

Commerce, Justice, Science				
<i>Great Lakes</i>				
Great Lakes Environmental Research Lab (NOAA)	Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research / Ocean, Coastal, and Great Lakes Research / Laboratories and Cooperative Institutes	Sub-account: \$39.5 million	Sub-account: \$37.2 million	Sub-account: \$40 million
Great Lakes Observing System (NOAA)	National Ocean Service / Navigation, Observations, and Positioning / Integrated Ocean Observing System Regional Observations	Sub-account: \$42.5 million	Sub-account: \$10 million	Sub-account: \$80.5 million
<i>National</i>				
Sea Grant (NOAA)	Ocean, Coastal, and Great Lakes Research / National Sea Grant College Program	\$80 million	\$72.4 million	\$148 million
Coastal Zone Management Grants (NOAA)	National Ocean Service / Ocean and Coast Management and Services	\$81.5 million	\$81.5 million	\$110 million
Marine Debris Program (NOAA)	National Ocean Service / Office of Response and Restoration	\$10.5 million ^{xxiii}	No detail	\$20 million
Harmful Algal Blooms (NOAA)	National Ocean Service / Coastal Science and Assessment / Competitive Research	\$14 million ^{xxiv}	Sub-account: \$5 million	Sub-account: \$42 million
Sanctuaries and Marine Protected Areas (NOAA)	National Ocean Service/Ocean and Coastal Management and Services	\$67 million	\$86.2 million	\$87 million
National Oceans and Coastal Security Fund (NOAA)	National Ocean Service/Ocean and Coastal Management and Services	\$32 million	\$0	\$40 million
State Foreign Ops				
Great Lakes Fishery Commission (State Department)	International Fisheries Commission	\$50 million	\$39.5 million	\$54 million

ⁱ “Great lakes Restoration Initiative (GLRI).-The agreement provides funding to the GLRJ Distinct Tribal Program at no less than \$16,500,000.”

ⁱⁱ As authorized by the GLRI Act of 2019 (P.L. 116-294), \$450 million for FY2025.

ⁱⁱⁱ As originally authorized by the Frank LoBiondo Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2018 (Sec. 903(g); P.L. 115-282), \$50 million per year through FY2023.

^{iv} “Population Assessment and Cooperative Management.-The agreement provides \$28,613,000, which includes \$1,600,000 for Alaska Fisheries Subsistence; \$1,000,000 for Great Lakes Consent Decree; \$3,000,000 for Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife Restoration Act grants; and \$818,000 for the Lake Champlain Sea lamprey program.”

^v As authorized by the Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife Restoration Reauthorization Act of 2022 through 2028 (P.L. 117-287)), \$8 million per year.

^{vi} “Aquatic Invasive Species.-The agreement includes \$50,143,000 for aquatic invasive species programs, of which \$5,038,000 is to implement subsection 5(d)(2) of the Lake Tahoe Restoration Act; \$2,749,000 is for Prevention; \$31,000,000 is for invasive carp as outlined in Senate Report 118-83 including not less than \$4,000,000 for contract fishing; \$2,834,000 for National Invasive Species Act of 1996 (NISA) State Plans and \$1,566,000 for NISA implementation which help control the spread of invasive carp; \$3,500,000 is to prevent the spread of quagga and zebra mussels allocated per the enacted levels; \$1,500,000 is for research on hydrilla, eel, and milfoil invasive grasses; and \$1,011,000 is for Great Lakes Sea Lamprey administration costs.”

^{vii} “Biological Threats and Invasive Species Research Program.-The agreement provides \$44,500,000, including funding for research on European Green Crab, Coral Disease, phytoplankton changes in the Great Lakes, and Chronic Wasting Disease at the fiscal year 2023 enacted level. The Committees maintain \$11,000,000 for research of invasive carp, of which \$3,000,000 is for research on containing or eradicating grass carp.”

^{viii} “Great Lakes Science.- Funding for the Great Lakes Science Center is maintained at the fiscal year 2023 enacted level.”

^{ix} As authorized by the Further Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2020 (Sec. 201; P.L. 116-94), \$15 million per year through FY2025.

^x “Community Project Funding Items/Congressionally Directed Spending Items.-From within funds provided for capitalization grants for the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund, the agreement provides \$787,652,267 from the Clean Water SRF and \$631,659,905 from the Drinking Water SRF for Community Project Funding/Congressionally Directed Spending grants for the construction of drinking water, wastewater, and storm water infrastructure and for water quality protection.”

^{xi} As authorized by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Sec. 50210 & Division J, Title VI, Sec. 614; P.L. 117-58), \$4.889 billion for FY2025.

^{xii} “Community Project Funding Items/Congressionally Directed Spending Items.-From within funds provided for capitalization grants for the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund, the agreement provides \$787,652,267 from the Clean Water SRF and \$631,659,905 from the Drinking Water SRF for Community Project Funding/Congressionally Directed Spending grants for the construction of drinking water, wastewater, and storm water infrastructure and for water quality protection.”

^{xiii} As authorized by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Sec. 50102 & Division J, Title VI, Sec. 614; P.L. 117-58), \$4.376 billion for FY2025.

^{xiv} As authorized by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Sec. 50204; P.L. 117-58), \$280 million per year through FY2026.

^{xv} As authorized by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Sec. 50208; P.L. 117-58), \$50 million per year through FY2026.

^{xvi} As authorized by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Sec. 50104; P.L. 117-58), \$120 million for FY2025.

^{xvii} As authorized by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Sec. 50105; P.L. 117-58), \$10 million authorized to carry out the pilot program.

^{xviii} “Categorical Grants: Nonpoint Source Section 319. - The Committees expect the Agency to examine the allocation formula to ensure that resources are spent in areas with the most pressing need.”

^{xix} As authorized by Sec. 8502 by the James M. Inhofe National Defense Reauthorization Act of 2023 (P.L. 117-263) at \$200 million through 2027.

^{xx} “Categorical Grant: Public Water System Supervision.- Of the funds provided, \$12,000,000 is to further support States, Territories, and Tribes in addressing PF AS and other contaminants of emerging concern as they carry out their Public Water System Supervision programs.”

^{xxi} “Regional Sediment Management.-The agreement includes \$6,000,000 to develop integrated tools that build coastal resilience across navigation, flood risk management, and ecosystem projects within the program.”

^{xxii} “Of the additional funding provided in this account for other authorized project purposes, \$2,600,000 shall be for cooperation and coordination with the Great Lakes States to develop sediment transport models for Great Lakes tributaries that discharge to federal navigation channels and for water control manual updates for non-Corps owned high hazard dams where: (1) the Corps has a responsibility for flood control operations under section 7 of the Flood Control Act of 1944; (2) the dam requires coordination of water releases with one or more other high-hazard dams for flood control purposes; and (3) the dam owner is actively investigating the feasibility of applying forecast-informed reservoir operations.”

^{xxiii} “Marine Debris.-The agreement provides no less than the fiscal year 2023 enacted level for the Marine Debris Program. In addition, the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) (Public Law 117-58) provides \$150,000,000 over five years for marine debris assessment, prevention, mitigation, and removal, including \$30,000,000 in fiscal year 2024.”

^{xxiv} “Harmful Algal Blooms (HABs).-Within funding for Competitive Research, the agreement provides up to \$14,000,000 to accelerate deployment of effective methods of intervention and mitigation to reduce the frequency, severity, and impact of HAB events in marine and freshwater systems. Due to concern with duplication, incompatibility, and separation of data related to the causes and effects of HABs, NOAA is directed to submit a report, no later than 180 days after the enactment of this act, that includes a survey of all existing large freshwater body HAB-related data. NOAA is encouraged to include recommendations for streamlining access to this data, creating a centralized, all-in-one access point, and cost effective synthesis and hosting of disparate data sets.”